# Integrating Archives, Libraries and Archaeological Collections – a New Approach to the Management of the National Heritage

## Teaduskollektsioonid – minevik tuleviku teenistuses

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## The development of central cultural heritage collections in Finland

- 1860ies early archaeological field work
- 1870 The Antiquarian Society of Finland
- 1872 First university student expediton collecting old rural items
- 1884 The Archaeological Bureau, later State Archaeological Commission
- 1905 The Historical Museum
- 1916 The National Museum



#### Library and Archive units

- The main library and reference libraries
- The archaeological archives
- The Archive for Prints and Pictures
- The Archive for Oral Tradition
- The archives of the administration
- The archives of the Department of Architectural Heritage

#### Museum collections

- Archaeological collections 37 000 assemblages
- Historical collections 135 000 items
- Ethnological collections 85 000
- Finno-Ugrian collections 16 000
- Ethnographic collections 26 000
- Coin Cabinet 170 000
- Maritime Museum 15 000

#### The archaeological collections

- 37 000 archaeological find assemblages represent 90 % of the archaeological findings of the country
- Either original or copies of all the archaeological excavation reports
- Data bases: inventory of finds, inventory of registered monuments

# Archives, libraries and collections in four different locations

#### The year 2007

- The picture archive: 9000 pictures ordered
- The library: 10 000 customers borrowed 27 000 books
- The archaeological archives were visited by 500 researchers, 22 600 artefacts were set on display for them





### Security & practicality

 The archives and the archeological collections will be kept in appropriate rooms where the safety is ensured

 The logistics will be laid out from a point of view of practicality for customers, visitors as well as for the staff

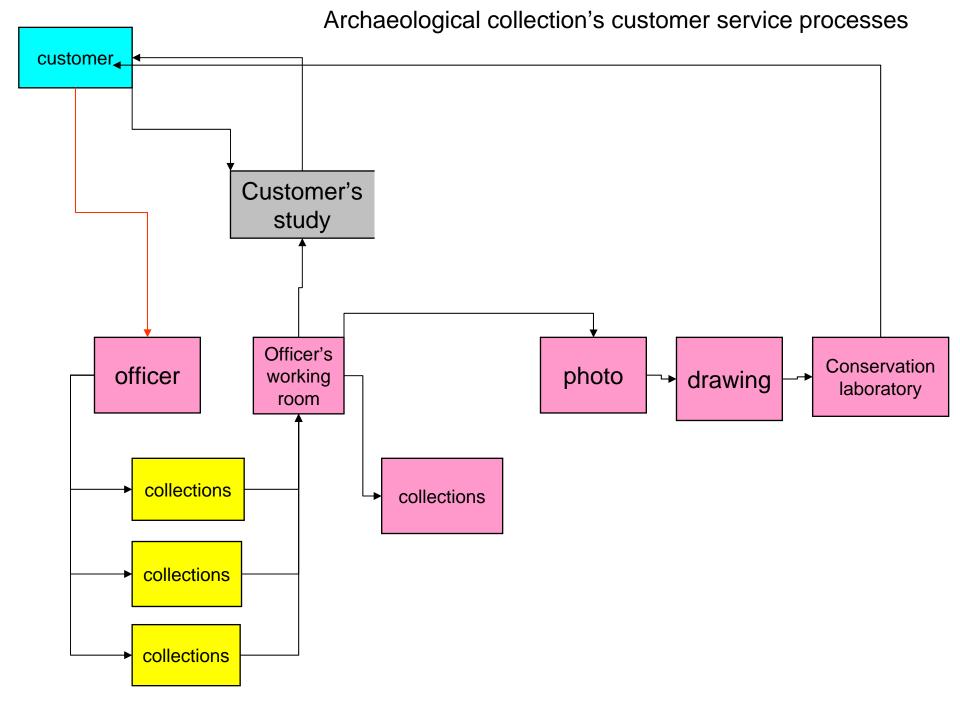
#### Area zone scheme

#### Area denied for visitors

- Area where visitors are allowed together with archive officer
- Area where the whole staff may operate

Area allowed for registered visitors

Area allowed for all visitors



#### Self service and expert service

 The customer can search computerized data and can choose books in the open shelf library

The officials will help in archive and collection matters

- The customer can read books and archive material in the reading room and at the same time study archeological artefact material
- Air conditioned facilities for the study of special materials as artefacts
- AV material can be studied in separate rooms

#### Data bases

- Library data bases Helka and Arto
- Museum item data base Musketti
- Inventory of ancient monuments
- Inventories of protected built heritage
- Document management program under development

#### Digitalisation of collections

 National digital library – European digital library EUROPEANA



#### LAITILA VAINIONMÄKI KALMISTO B

Viikinkiaikaisen polttokalmiston yleisökaivaus 23.7.-3.8.2007



Esa Mikkola Arkeologian osasto



# The advantages by integrating the libraries, archives and collections into one unit

- The accessibility will increase
- More economic use of space
  - by arranging the same kind of materials from different units
  - fewer study seats are needed
- Human resources can be better allocated
  - Processes can be standardized

